

SEA+ version info

Version 2.01

- Add frequencies range change
 - Bug fix in "recent files" menu - the not found file is erased from menu
 - Bug fix in the edition of the section of material
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Version 2007.2

- OpenGL selection improvement
 - OpenGL translation improvement
 - Add opengl icon for sea object
 - Bug fix geometry import (CNES data)
 - Bug fix spectrum import (spectrum name with underscore)
 - Bug fix modal density selection in the property window of virtual subsystems
 - Bug fix in data import (negative values interpolation of spectrum)
 - Add draw power flow
 - Add some opengl options
 - Bug fix in wavenumber calculation
 - Bug fix in virtual subsystem section selection (property page)
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Version 2007.2.1

- Bug fix in solver (bad resolution when subsystems are erased) - Seaclass.dll
 - Bug fix in Edit Spectrum window (the std. err. component is updated) - DataBaseClass.dll
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Version 2008.1

- Development under net framework 2.
 - Add fluid loading option on structure (calculation of the radiation efficiency)
 - Improvement of calculations of CLF junction between cavity and Virtual subsystem
 - Frequency band is adapted to SEAVirt imported data (not implicitly in 3rd Oct.)
 - Improvements of the interface
 - Minor bugs fixed
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Version 2008.1.1

- Bug fix: first frequency band is not imported correctly from SEAVirt data
 - Change hasp key with license file (floating or node-locked license)
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Version 2009.1

- Ability to create new SEA model
 - New mathlib of SEA subsystems & CLF
 - Three wave components for each structural SEA object (modal density & wavenumber)
 - New wave transmission engine for CLF (Three wave type & joint)
 - New SEA elements (sandwich, singly & doubly-curved shell, rib stiffened SEA subsystems)
 - New module: shock response prediction with "SEA-Shock" optional module
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Version 2009.2

- Corrections
 - mode computation (multilayer ribbed subsystem)
 - SEA solver when 2 subsystems are link with multiple junctions
 - Add power loss - input (3 waves)
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Version 2009.2.1

- Minor bugs fixed
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Version 2010

- New SEA Source added: turbulent boundary layer excitation
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Version 2011

New module: SEA-Foam prediction with "SEA-Foam" optional module

New material type: Fiber, Septum, Foam, Perforated Material, Perfect fluid, Trimlayer (edition and creation of trims)

Added mass and added damping from trim when applied to subsystem

Trim TL and Trim absorption

Generation of acoustic fluid from perfect fluid

Subsystems

Fixed wavenumber and modal density calculation of ribbed stiffness shells and plates

New laminate section property and laminate ribbed

Importing Laminate section from NASTRAN

Creation of equivalent orthotropic material from Laminate

Junctions

Acoustic radiation

Modification of radiation efficiency prediction for curved shells: radiation kernel based on infinite helicoidal wave

Modification of radiation efficiency prediction for ribbed plate and curved shells: radiation as weighted averaged of 4 shell mode types radiation

Mechanical coupling

Modification of joint impedance formulation: improve solution for vibratory insulation

Adding serial transfer function in junction parameter

User_interface

Global control of subsystems and junctions size

Global management of transparency of network objects

Model Background color is now user-defined

Database

New database engine: SQLite (more performance, model size up to 1 Tb)

New binary format for models: .dbsv3

Utility provided to convert older models dbsv2 to dbsv3

Import Nastran data: Mat(1,2,8) and pcomp

Platform support

WinXP 32 & 64 bits

Vista

Seven 32 & 64 bits

Win2k no more supported

Version 2012

New Solver

Introduction constraint equations in the solver

Loss matrix now symmetric with accelerated math lib

New element

Active Sound Probe (ASP)

Direct injection of diffuse, semi-diffuse and incident acoustic power in structural and subsystems

Infinite Fluid Volume (IFV)

Collect power radiated from subsystems through FFT connectors.

New connector

Constraint connector

Allow to impose transfer function between two subsystems such as equipartition of modal energy

Free Field Transfer (FFT) connector

Connect an ASP to a source: allow calculating ASP pressure at a distance from a source using built-in law with decreasing pressure with distance or user-defined transfer function

Local Power Connector (LPC)

Connect an ASP to a subsystem: allow calculating input power from ASP in the subsystem

Laminate Damping Loss Factor

Laminate with viscous layer

Now equivalent DLF of the laminate shell is taken into account shear dissipated energy improving DLF simulation for sandwich with thin layer insertion of viscoelastic material

User_interface

Duplicate analytical subsystems
Create new model with Nastran geometry
Read Nastran PSHELL

Junctions

Acoustic radiation of unbaffled plates
Low frequency correction of numerical radiation efficiency for baffled plates

SEA+ documentation

Documentation is split in two parts: **SEA+ User's Guide** and **SEA+ Advanced Theory**

Version 2012.0.4

New element

Power Sound Filter (PSF)

Inserting trim and leaks within an acoustic source and an ASP from subsystems through FFT connectors.

New connector

Constraint connector

GEC constraint connector (modification of the behavior of previous constraint connector)

Free Field Transfer (FFT) connector

Connect an ASP to a source: allow calculating ASP pressure at a distance from a source using built-in law with decreasing pressure with distance or user-defined transfer function

Local Power Connector (LPC)

Connect an ASP to a subsystem: allow calculating input power from ASP in the subsystem

VSEA subsystems

Mass law correction for curved VSEA subsystem

The radiation CLF can be corrected when modal density is growing with frequency (below ring frequency)

Import

Update of VSEA model by import of VSEA spectra
Multi-line/column file import in database
Importing Nastran geometry when creating a new model

SEA-Foam

Air Gap with better viscosity prediction and variation of speed of sound with thickness
Graph of acoustic impedance (real, Imag) of the trimmed system

Documentation

Update to latest features description

Version 2012.0.4.3

SEA-Foam

Fluid-gap (with fluid)

Change of the calculation of dissipation due to viscosity to take into account both propagation and rigid wall absorption

SEA+

Added mass by trims to structural subsystem

The trims attached to a structure are generating added mass and this corrected mass is used in the SEA network. When calculating the trim insertion loss, the parameters of the base plate were sent with the corrected mass which was an error as the trim should have been calculated with the bare mass. The bug has been fixed.

Support for user-defined insertion loss in junction

When inserting a user-defined IL, the calculated trim is automatically disabled

Version 2012.0.4.4

SEA+ plate CLF

Adding flexural static beam formulation in joint

SEA+ Wavenumber

Correcting wavenumber interpolation function

Wavenumber of plates is interpolated to compute the mean band-averaged wavenumber from modal wavenumber

For very small plates, the interpolation might miss to give the right wavenumber profile for flexural wave due to too low number of resonances. This has been fixed

Version 2013.0

SEA+ User-Interface

Implementation of Project Tree browser

The Project Tree displays the list of created SEA+ models which are saved within the same binary file (.dbsv4 extension). The various models created within a Project are sharing the same database and changing one item of the database will affect all models sharing this property

A project corresponds the binary file which is saved with *.dbsv4 extension. Several projects can be opened at same time in a SEA+ session

Model Tree browser

Improved subsystem sort

Enable/disable junction from tree

VSEA mobility in specific branch

Graph improvement

Plot of acceleration available in g

Frequency Band analysis

Dynamical change of Band type

At any time you may change the analysis band type from constant bandwidth up to 1/24th octave

Automatic interpolation of database items when changing band type

Database items are kept untouched when modifying band type. Data are dynamically converted into one band to another when used (for solve of for graph)

Database items

Materials

Structural materials are sorted into homogeneous and orthotropic and can accept thermal expansion coefficient (used in thermal noise source)

Fluids

Salted water Liquid Sodium generic fluids are added. With a generic fluid you can change the temperature and get the acoustic fluid characteristics in return

Gaseous Fluids

The type of fluid includes dissolved gas (as small bubbles) and may be used as other fluid types in cavities and trims

Default unitary spectra

They are generated dynamically from SEA+ GUI and need not to be created in the database. This is to avoid changing the unitary spectrum when changing the Band type

Nastran import

Import of PBEAM cards and conversion into SEA+ beam property

Mathematical library

Improvement of accuracy and speed of radiation integrals

The number of steps of k-samples is now user-defined and can be globally modified for all items in the model which call for radiation efficiency computation

Unbaffled radiation formulation has been modified for both real and imaginary parts

Added fluid mass is now bounded when frequency converges to zero

Spatial windowing correction for trim

The correction of TL by spatial windowing using the radiation efficiency of the acoustic aperture is implemented. 2D-convolution correction is still possible

Pressurization of structural subsystem

All structural subsystems accepts pressurization
Pressurization modifies subsystem characteristics depending on type
related stress plot is available

Doubly-curved shell of various constructions

Doubly-shell subsystem can be of sandwich (symmetric or not), ribbed homogeneous, ribbed sandwich (symmetric or not) constructions as other shell subsystems

Acoustic cavities

Accepted generic fluids

Power source

The power acoustic multipole source is available as another kind of acoustic source

SEA-FOAM Module

Septum/mass spring layer

Septum can be transformed into resonant septum which is controlled by stiffness below user-defined resonance frequency

Spatial windowing correction for trim

The correction of TL by spatial windowing using the radiation efficiency of the acoustic aperture is implemented. 2D-convolution correction is still possible

SEA-Shock Module

Adding a new SEA-Shock source: the thermal noise source

The thermal noise source allows predicting time history responses to relaxation of potential energy induced by heat and stored in a structural subsystem

Reconstruction of time response in acoustic cavities

Any Fluid cavity can be LMPR receiver and accept time reconstruction

Reconstruction of time response in beams

A beam can be LMPR receiver and accept time reconstruction

Improvement of LMPR algorithm for faster reconstruction and less memory usage

Version 2013.1

Integration of SEAVirt software as SEA+ Module

New Virtual Tab created in the SEA+ project session

Substructuration method (similar to previous standalone SEAVirt method) to create VSEA model

Patch method for creating new MS-VSEA model

-from Attraction

-from NASTRAN PID

Full automation and real-time performance optimization of MS-VSEA and VSEA models

Visualisation of multi-scale substructurations per frequency band
Improved SEA+ solver to handle automatically patch virtual CLF and patch modal density through the various frequency-dependant partitions
Wavenumber from patch node input mobility

Surface area calculation of patch from wavenumber & modal density

Narrow band 3D-force spectrum creation in database (PSD unit); applicable to all VSEA nodes

Definition of Narrow band 3D force in global physical axis

Auto-projection of force in the SEA degree of freedom when calculating injected power

Injected power by narrow band 3D-force calculated in narrow band at VSEA node and band-averaged for SEA solve

Reconstruction of 3D-nodal response at any VSEA node in narrow band (include

translation and rotation responses)

Improved visibility of the SEA network

When clicking on subsystem name tag in browser tree, while pressing spacebar, reduces view to coupled subsystems

Update junction name menu when right-clicking on junction tag in the browser tree
Subsystems are sorted following type

Analytical structure (Beam, Flat Plate, Singly Shell, Doubly Shell)
Analytical cavities
Virtual subsystems
Analytical Sound Probe
Infinite Fluid Volume
Power Sound Filter

New local contextual menu item for improved visibility (Hide, Show connected objects, Show/Hide reference Nodes, Show/Hide PID)

Control of subsystem icon properties on selection (rotation, translation, size, color): CTRL-W on subsystem selection

Delete key: suppress current selection (no warning for one object select, warning for multiple selection)

Version 2013.1.3

SEAVirt

-Improvement of patch method: move to identical DLF for all patches vs. frequency formulation
-Adding Abaqus modal output file support in SEAVirt

SEA+ Graph

-Adding new preferences to graph (graph pref. per graph type)
-Stable graph color when adding Drag & Drop Graph

SEA+ Modal library

-Adding new pressurization effect in cylinder for highly pressurized shell

Version 2013.1.4

- Minor bugs fixed
- User Interface improvement

Version 2013.1.5

Some changes and fixed bugs

- Virtual 3D Control: characters not entirely visible
 - Virtual 3D Control command buttons: inconsistent operation
 - Force 3D (point force Narrow band) extrapolation
 - Color, transparency and size of knots not adjustable
 - Dialog box computation option (labels overlap)
 - Panel SEAVirt: group box Solve reorganised
 - Computation not done when opening model with acoustic constraint source
 - Computation of radiation efficiency at low wavenumbers modified
 - Ribbed structures: bug fixed
 - Correction of interpolated option in virtual junction (sometime not saved)
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Version 2014 beta (November 2014)

SEA+ 2014 is a major release

Running SEA+ from XML

- Exporting XML: the model or the current copied selection of objects is exported as XML file
- Importing XML: a new model is generated from the XML in the current SEA+ model session
- Running the model directly from the XML: Instructions for driving the calculation are directly written in the XML by the user
- Command section
 - Running a given dbsv4 model from the XML through "Load" instruction + path of dbsv4 model
 - "Output" instruction to write results in the output XML. Any output graphing in the SEA+ GUI may be written in output XML through the "Spectrum" instruction
 - Replacing dbsv4 model data by input XML data through the "read option" instruction

The input XML does not necessarily contain the full model but only the part you need to modify. In a Dos-like window, you then loop SEA+ as many times you need by reading XML data related to your Load instructions and writing all results in the XML output.

Copy & Paste of GUI objects

- Select any part of network and use the local menu item Copy Selected Objects
- While selection is active, paste your copy to another location in current model, in another model or project
- When copying VSEA subsystems, all geometrical properties are preserved when copying in the same project
- When copying VSEA subsystems to another project, in-behind FEM information is not copied. The VSEA subsystem is copied as a standard analytical subsystem with user-defined properties set to VSEA properties. As Copy & Paste of VSEA subsystem requires to know the subsystem type, before copying, the equivalent subsystem type and the section property in the VSEA tab property have to be filled up

New Start-up database to collect all data you always need at start-up

- Start-up database may be seen as a kind of basket in which you sort all kinds of property you need to be available when starting a new project
- Copy & Paste data of current projects in the Start-up database to get it at any time

New Extended Solid Material

- The Extended Solid has frequency-dependent complex elastic parameters for being used by the new Dynamic Laminate construction
- For declaring a frequency-dependent elastic parameter, create first spectra of related moduli in the database and allocate them to the Extended Solid. Elastic material characteristics are made complex through a common damping loss factor spectrum
- When no spectrum is declared, the elastic parameter is static (constant over frequency)

New User-Defined Trim

- Create a User-Defined Trim in the database
- This item groups in a single element all user-defined spectra that may override calculated ones when they are defined
- It is used exactly as a classic TMM trim in the SEA+ network

New Multi-Trim Layer

- The Multi-Trim object is a collection of trims, dispatched on a reference surface area following a given percentage of that surface
- The Multi-Trim is used exactly as a classic trim in the SEA+ network

New Leak object and Multi-Leak definition

- An acoustic Leak is now defined as an object in the database
- In the Leak property tab of an acoustic-to-acoustic junction, add the Leak objects previously created

New subsystem construction with the Dynamic Laminate

- The Dynamic Laminate property is derived from the Static Laminate
- Create first a Static Laminate section describing material, thickness and orientation of the various layers. Both Solid and Extended Solid materials are available in the selection list
- Use this section to create the Dynamic Laminate section and add eventually ribs
- Dynamic Laminate supports plate, singly-curved and doubly-curved shells
- In the property dialog box of the subsystem, select the Dynamic Laminate type and the appropriate section
- The Dynamic Laminate predicts the equivalent DLF from complex elastic parameters of the various layers over the whole frequency range

Colored Energy in SEA network (Extended SEA) - New non-resonant energies shared by subsystems based on Colored Energy theory ("white", "black", "red")

- When excited in a band B by white noise, the response of a dynamic system in B is containing contribution of resonant modes and non-resonant modes.
- Energy of resonant modes is named "white", "black" energy is the mass-driven non-resonant energy and "red" the stiffness-driven energy as sketched here below:
 - When two systems are coupled together, the strength of the coupling is depending on both the frequency distance between modes and the wavenumber (spatial) distance between them. If their mode shapes have different wavenumber content, the coupling will be weak even if frequency distance is short. When the white-to-white coupling is weak, black or red energies may take over the response as seen in the coupling of cavity-to-plate-cavity in the low and mid-frequency domain.
 - Black and red energies are non-dissipative and cannot be calculated using power flow equations.
 - White energy of an emitter subsystem is delivering a force to the coupled receiver subsystem (through a constraint equation) which excites its black and red energies.
 - The receiver is then radiating to all coupled subsystems its internal black and red energies following the next sketch where thick lines are constraints and thin lines power radiation.
 - No need to model the indirect mass law connector.
 - Non-resonant colored transmission is based on a far more descriptive model than the classical mass law which is restricted to flat homogeneous panels and still needs spatial windowing to become predictive.
 - Colored energies are taking into account modal density, mass and radiation efficiencies in all non-resonant bands to calculate the transmission and are applicable to all subsystem types unlike mass law.
 - Give a bottom value for damping optimization as the drop will be limited by level of black and red energies.

Corrected bugs or modifications

- Cylinder radiation CLF: correction of analytical calculation of cylinder radiation efficiency; when radius was small the argument of the Haenkel

function was biased.

- Multi-point structural junction: in previous version the CLF was multiplied by the number of points, leading to non-physical results for large number of points. CCLF is now correctly converging to line connection when increasing number of points.

Version 2014.0.1 beta (December 2014)

- Update SEA+ User's Guide (export SEA model to xml file)
- Bug fixed: non-resonant path computation for virtual subsystems
- Bug fixed: export SEA Model to xml file

Version 2014.0.2 (End of January 2015)

- New Section Metallic Profile added
- Ability to create data on the fly in the DATA part
- Some bugs fixed in 'Copy-Paste'
- Non-resonant path computation improved

Include support for dongle (security device)

SEAWOOD version available

SEA+ Lite version is a dedicated version of SEA+ for wood building industry with restricted mathematical libraries mostly limited to planar construction

Version 2014.0.3 (May 2015)

Corrections:

- Correction of energy constraint junction on virtual (patch) subsystems when subsystems are defined
- Bug when "Remove Ref outside Std" checked in MultiScale VSEA Creation
- MSVSEA Creation: correction of %Negative modal density criterion extended to ≤ 0
- MSVSEA Creation: correction to get effectively the best subsystem set found
- MSVSEA front panel: cosmetic changes
- Bug of modes computation with non symmetric ribbed sections
- Correction of TRIM Insertion Loss in Mass Law correction in acoustic junctions
- Interpolation of imported data from VSEA Model
- CLF of in-plane waves of virtual junctions are interpolation using same function as flexural waves
- Computation of Power Input-Output for patch junctions
- CLF of Structure-Structure junction (extensional and shear)
- 3D View, objects selection

XML

- A new command key is added: `Stop_Option_press_key="False"`
This will disable key pressed prompt at the end of run

```
<Commands>
<Output file="E:\Data\xml\Export xml.txt">
  <Subsystem ID="22">
    <out spectrum_Type="0" />
    <out spectrum_Type="8" />
    <out spectrum_Type="31" />
  </Subsystem>
</Output>
<Stop_Option_press_key="False" />
</Commands>
```

Versions 2014.0.4 and 2014.0.5 (July 2015)

Corrected bugs or modifications:

- When adding constraint connectors between MS-VSEA patches, adding autoclean-up process to avoid redundancy of constraints in function of frequency as patches are already constrained between them
- Interpolation of MS-VSEA energies in LF when found negative due to possible negative CLF
- Septum is now treated as very low elastic plate for constancy of boundary conditions when coupled to porous layer
- Black energy is now propagated in IFV and ASP subsystems allowing to completely remove mass law and switch to colored energy technique for non-resonant energy transfer prediction
- Black energy is now taking into account the total mass of the subsystem (bare mass + added mass from fluid loading and trim)
- Dynamic laminate solver has been improved to avoid ill-behavior observed for some section property definition and due to mode filtering process
- Output input mobility, modal density and mass are now related to the most elastic layer in the set
- The most elastic layer is expected to drive the wavenumber of all other layers especially under acoustic loads. The behavior of this layer is thus representative of the physics of the whole set of layers
- The FFT junction between cavity subsystem and ASP now accepts user-defined transfer of p^2/p^2 . Note this measured transfer short-circuits all eventually inserted trims between the interior of the cavity and the exterior simulated by the ASP
- Correction of constraint equation in the matrix

Versions 2014.0.6 and 2014.0.7 (Aug-2015)

- Version 2014.0.6: SEAVirt module: wrong library installed, corrected
- Version 2014.0.7: Correction of Metallic profile computation

Version 2014.0.8 (Nov-2015)

Corrected bugs and new features:

- Import Pch file: correction of Unit length and mass are not effective in the last mode read
- Ribbed and metallic profile subsystems
- Edit or Create new spectrum (import text file always in 1/3 Oct)
- Mechanic junction (Strong coupling correction)

- Merge of virtual subsystems between two projects
- Create user defined VSEA model from Pids
- Visibility options
- Copy options

- Correction and improvement of modes and non-resonant libraries

Version 2014.0.8.5813 (01/12/2015)

Corrected bug:

- Mass law correction

Version 2014.0.9 (23/02/2016)

Corrected bugs:

- Bugged update function of VSEA model
- Crash when opening import file box and setting import file parameters in Preferences as constant band $df=0.5$ Hz when model is set to 1/3rd octave band. If a new project is created with solve option set to constant band 20 or 50 Hz, the 0.5 df file setting is correctly set and related narrow band spectrum can be created and copied in the 1/3rd octave project.
- Conversion spectrum constant band error. The previous 0.5 Hz constant band rms pressure is not integrated when used in the session set to different

constant band width. OK when in 1/3rd octave.

- Copy&Paste in different projects: subsystems not visible when copied. Subsystem icon and geometry are scaled differently when changing geometry box size in project.

Modifications:

- Shell & double shell Radiation Efficiency computation improved
 - Computation of modal density of virtual SEA subsystem improved
 - Update LabVIEW and Fortran runtime
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Version 2016.0 (10/2016)

Corrected bugs:

- The plot of *Mode Number* of virtual subsystems now corresponds to modal density plot multiplied by bandwidth.
- ASP non-resonant energy transfer is now enabled when coupling ASP-to-structure and structure-to-cavity.

Modification of calculation compared to previous version:

- **Modification of structure-to-acoustic CLF** when trim is enabled in the junction for better consistency of mass factor when option "Added Trim Mass" is enabled in the coupled panel (see next).
- Added Mass calculation in SEA-Foam trims and modifications of **added mass management from trim** in SEA+: the insertion loss from trim is computed with the bare mass of the base panel supporting the trim. When **Added Trim Mass to Panel** option is enabled, the radiation CLF of the SEA panel, coupling the trimmed face to a cavity, is increased by a factor that compensates the fact that Trim Insertion Loss refers to the bare panel case. Whether you consider the vibratory path along the various SEA subsystems or the acoustic path through trim, the mass-conversion factor of energy into velocity of a trimmed subsystem (bare mass + added mass by the trim) is now always consistent.
Insertion Loss IL is now always computed referring to the bare structure.
- Modification of calculation when **Is-A Shell** correction is enabled in panel properties. In previous versions, correction was not effective as it worked on a secondary effect induced by curvature. New correction takes into account curvature effect in planar trim computation by removing some incidences from the computation that cannot exist in curved situation. In practice, the amplification of mass-spring trim systems at first breathing resonance is reduced by this correction and may be shifted at higher frequency (depending on curvature) as expected from trimmed cylindrical shell.
- Modification of **inter-layer stiffness** calculation in the **dynamic Laminate** theory. Related stiffness terms were previously divided by a factor of $mn \cdot \pi^2$. This factor is now set to 1 in the theory and provides better fit with experiment for a wider class of structures. As agreement was already good for sandwich panels with previous coefficient, it has been verified that the new formulation still holds good with sandwich theory. For that, it has been necessary to introduce two new elastic coefficients in the description of sandwich core as transverse stiffness is generally much lower than longitudinal one, especially compression. In core layer description E_z and G_z elastic parameters allow too set the sandwich stiffness in a more representative way by using different values of E and G in transverse and longitudinal planes. All Dynamic Laminate panels made of homogeneous layers have now a decoupling frequency that fits with measurements.
- The calculation of SEA parameters of ribbed-stiffened has been modified to take into account torsional inertia of ribs in the modal density computation.
- **Power input to subsystem** is now graphed as power sent to emitter subsystem to selected subsystem and not as power flow (difference of received and sent back power) - benefit: always positive quantity. The power flow drawn in 3D model window per frequency is still a view of the signed power flow (difference of power).
- **Power dissipated by subsystem** is now graphed as internal dissipated power

+ power lost in coupled subsystems - benefit: always positive quantity.

New calculation capabilities in SEA+ kernel:

- Structural dynamics of corrugated panels as rib-stiffened plate
 - o **Remove Skin mass** option has been introduced in the rib panel section property for modeling periodic structures such as corrugated panels where the skin is at the same time the rib.
 - o **Corrugation Enabled** is a secondary option where bending stiffness is computed from torsional inertia of the rib-stiffness profile (when enabled). As the corrugated panel stiffness may be controlled by either flexural or torsional inertia of the stiffener when panel is ribbed in only one direction, depending on actual profile geometry, the user can enable/disable this option to shift from bending-controlled modal density to torsional controlled one. These options only apply to State#1 modes of the ribbed panel (low and mid frequency state when wavelengths are larger than rib spacing).
- **Turbulent Boundary Layer** (TBL) source now supports non-resonant energy generation.
- **Black/Red energy** enhancement of calculation in all frequency bands (the colored energies constraints are now propagated in the whole system through series of SEA+ solves).
- **Sound Transmission Loss (STL)** calculation function: calculate the generalized STL between two cavities within any SEA network and direct plot of related spectrum in dB.

New Graph Library :

- A new graph library is implemented in SEA+ for graphing all outputs. This brings additional features such as:
 - o Overall rms value,
 - o Graph update,
 - o Send graph data to database..
- New graph functionalities are fully documented in SEA+ user-guide.

SEAVirt module:

FRF solver:

- User-preferences can now be stored. Current setting may be saved as Default Setting with a restore to Default function.
- The number of FRF solvers has been limited to the two which are the most useful.
- Engineering units used in the imported FEM files have to be defined by the user as previously but internally all data is converted into SI unit (previously FEM was stored in user units in database).

VSEA add-on:

- **Duplicate function** accessible by contextual menu on a selected substructuration in the VSEA browser in Virtual SEA tab.
- In VSEA, solver, adding **extra criterion** for selecting the best node-grouping as optimized SEA partition: when criterion **Modal Dens.>0** is checked, now the number of modes must also be ≥ 1 in the analysis bandwidth for all detected subsystems (avoid non-physical "always positive" modal density solutions).
- VSEA solver setting preferences can also be set to Default and restore from default.

MS-VSEA add-on:

- In MS-VSEA model page, new Button: Create user-defined substructuration from MS-VSEA partition (send selected band-MS-VSEA partition under VSEA

- tree as user-defined partition).
- Visualisation of associated PID when scrolling MS-VSEA subsystems.
- Alphabetic sort of items in MS-VSEA list.
- MS-VSEA solver setting preferences can also be set to Default and restore from default.

In SEA+ GUI:

- Optimization of loading time when editing virtual SEA subsystem properties.
- In virtual subsystem properties, new check box to automatically set VSEA DLF to same spectrum than their analytical expander (when declared).
- When the virtual wavenumber cannot be computed as in the case of nodes located on FE solid elements, the wavenumber is computed in the virtual SEA frequency domain from the analytical expander (when declared).

GUI Improvements:

Graphing Data

- New plots are available:
 - **Interface force to subsystem**
Click in subsystem local menu to call the new Graph/Interface Force menu
 - **Max Bending Stress to subsystem**
Click in subsystem local menu to call the new Graph/Max Bending Stress menu

Faster inputs in the Database

- The **Shortcut button "+"** that allows to directly add a database item in a property dialog box has been extended to all list-boxes where database items are required.

Improved object viewing and handling

- **Extended listing** of subsystem and junction properties from which you can change collectively data of selection.
- **New tool bar items** to:
 - o Rotate subsystems
 - o **Lock/Unlock** object position,
 - o **Hide/Show** trimmed objects
 - o **Align objects** in 3D model page
 - o **Copy 3D model** page as image to clipboard
- **New hide/show menu** for all objects and new categories available in the 3D model browser.
- **New Mask/unmask menu** as new object property. Allow to work with Hide/Show function keeping some objects always masked.
- **Mask and lock** properties added to objects. If Lock is enabled at subsystem level, unlock command will be ineffective (Tool bar Lock/unlock applies only on objects set locally to unlock).
- New categories in Model tree browser for sorting cavities, active sound probe, virtual and analytical structural subsystems. Junctions are sorted in acoustic-acoustic, LPC active sound probe, virtual-acoustic, virtual-virtual and so on with collective Hide/Show property.
- New quick view setting of subsystem and only connected ones with their junctions. In Model tree browser, click in subsystem or junction item while maintaining mouse button down to see only see only coupled ones. Efficient when virtual-virtual CLF are masked.

Improved subsystem and coupling updating

- In Structure-to-Acoustic junction properties: New **"Update From Connected Structure"** check box with percentage setting of coupled area to automatically update coupling area when coupled subsystem dimension is changed in subsystem property.
- In Cavity properties, new **"Update trim dimension"** check box to automatically update the size of the trim to the area size of the cavity. Work only with

one trim applied in the cavity.

- In cavity property, new button "**Update Trim From Connected Structures**" to setup cavity trims to all trims enabled in connected structures to the cavity. The trim area is set in that case to the structural trim dimension times the percentage of coupled area, defined in the related junction.

SEA-Shock module:

New available sources:

- **SRS** as constraint source
SRS specification may be now used as an input source. SRS is applied to a subsystem which is becoming the source subsystem. SRS is automatically converted into acceleration time domain signal with as similar as possible same SRS and this acceleration signal is used as constraint acceleration to the subsystem in the frequency domain to calculate the transfer to a receiver and the related mean time history from which is computed the receiver SRS.
- **Acceleration** as constraint source
An acceleration time history can now be directly used as source of shock the same way than SRS input.

More database items in SEA+ session:

SRS and acceleration time history spectra with import from dataset 58 (universal file format)

Stress items (when graphing stress in structure). These items are currently generated by the graph export to database function when plotting Mean Stress of a structural subsystem.

Modified Extended material

Adding Gz and Ez elastic parameters

SEA-Foam module:

- Mean mass et mean DLF calculation method has changed (modification in averaging results at discrete incidences)
- Curvature effect implementation
- Interface between SEA-Foam and SEA+ has been improved (see Added Mass calculation in [Modification of calculation](#) section)

Version 2016.1 (01/2017)

Corrected bugs:

- Mas Law (with trim): bug fixed
- Fixed bug (crash): Open file by external call (double clicking in SEA+ file)
- Small corrections in calculations of transmission loss, CLF
- Joint added in "Black energy" computation

Graph:

- Change of data dB(A.. D)
- Add blink of plots when data are copied to clipboard with (ctrl+C)
- Bug fixed in (ctrl+V) in create new spectrum

Version 2016.1.1 (02/2017)

Corrected bugs:

- Mas Law

- Modes computation shell with rib
- SEA+ freezes when changing fluid in trim

Modification - improvement:

- Computation of junctions structure-structure

Miscellaneous:

- Back to runtime VC++2013 due to some problem with no full updated computer
-

Version 2016.1.2 (05/2017)

Corrected bugs:

- Beam modes computation
- Trim with heavy fluid
- Fluid loading in virtual subsystem (equivalent subsystem and heavy fluid)
- Partial copy of junction acoustic-acoustic with mass law
- Copy of junction FFT Structure to Infinite Fluid Volume with trim

Modification - improvement:

- Graph: more efficiency and enabled to move and resize legend
- Library trim, correction of damping computation
- Small correction in mechanical junction library
- Copy/paste faster

Added:

- Graph power flow inputs and losses
- Library trim compute masking coefficient and graph